

Amendments to the Specification:

On page 8, 3rd full paragraph on page:

SFOI-SF13 homologous proteins and nucleic acid molecules
coding therefore are obtainable from vertebrate species.

Particularly preferred are nucleic acids encoding the human SFOI-SF13 protein and variants thereof. The invention particularly relates to a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide contributing to regulating the energy homeostasis and the mammalian metabolism, wherein said nucleic acid molecule comprises

- (a) the nucleotide sequence of human SFOI-SF13 and/or a sequence complementary thereto,
- (b) a nucleotide sequence which hybridizes at 50°C in a solution containing 1 x SSC and 0.1 % SDS to a sequence of (a),
- (c) a sequence corresponding to the sequences of (a) or (b) within the degeneration of the genetic code,
- (d) a sequence which encodes a polypeptide which is at least 85%, preferably at least 90%, more preferably at least 95%, more preferably at least 98% and up to ~~99.6%~~ 99.6%

identical to the amino acid sequences of the human SF01-SF13 proteins,

(e) a sequence which differs from the nucleic acid molecule of (a) to (d) by mutation and wherein said mutation causes an alteration, deletion, duplication and/or premature stop in the encoded polypeptide or

(f) a partial sequence of any of the nucleotide sequences of (a) to (e) having a length of 15-25 bases, preferably 25-35 bases, more preferably 35-50 bases and most preferably at least 50 bases.

On page 39, 1st full paragraph on page:

Bacterial clones were picked with sterile toothpicks from agar plates and cultured in 96-deep-well microtiter plates in LB-ampicillin (see Sambrook et al., supra). Aliquots of 8 cultures were pooled, and plasmid DNA was isolated using the BioRobot-9600 apparatus according to the manufacturer's instructions (Qiagen; QIAprep(r) Turbo BioRobot Kit. Human 293 cell culture cells were cultured in 75 ml tissue culture flasks in DMEM and 10% fetal calf serum. At 90-99% confluence, the cells were splitted at 1:3 ratio and plated onto poly-D-lysine (Sigma) coated 96-well plates. Cells were

transfected with 100-500 ng plasmid using lipofectamine 2000 (Invitrogen). After 6 hours, the medium was exchanged for fresh complete growth medium. 24 hours after transfection, the cells were washed twice with DMEM without cysteine and methionine (Invitrogen), supplemented with 1% dialysed Bovine serum (Sigma) with 50 microgram per ml Heparin (Sigma) and glutamine. The cells were labeled radioactively ('S35 Met-label', from Hartmann Analytic GmbH). After 12 hours, aliquots of the supernatants were harvested in 96-well PCR plates and subjected to SDS gel electrophoresis in precast ~~4-20%~~ 4-20% gradient polyacrylamide Criterion gels (Biorad) under reducing conditions, using Criterion Dodeca Cell gel running chamber (Biorad). The gels were fixed in 10% acetic acid, 25% isopropanol for 30 min, soaked 15-30 min in AMPLIFY reagent (Amersham), dried and exposed to X-OMAT (AR) film (Kodak). Positive clones were identified and regrown in 96-well-plates. DNA of individual clones was prepared and used for transfection as described above. If one of the clones yielded proteins of the same size as that of the original pool, a positive clone was identified. Positive clones were partially sequenced 30 from the 5' end (SEQLAB, Goettingen).